

99 學年度第二學期英語科 中三第二次期中考題目卷

三年 _____ 班 _____ 號

姓名：_____

請將所有答案仔細畫在答案卡上。共 50 題。

一、文意字彙選擇【1-10】

- () 1. The price of the house is too high. I can't _____ to pay for it.
(A) dig (B) gain (C) bridge (D) afford
- () 2. As an old saying goes, "_____ is power."
(A) knowledge (B) course (C) planet (D) magic
- () 3. Mom: Be careful about your table _____. Don't play with your chopsticks.
Son: Yes, Mom.
(A) spoons (B) heaven (C) manners (D) apartment
- () 4. The speech was so boring. All the audience(聽眾)_____ during the speech.
(A) in trouble (B) heated up (C) fell asleep (D) flew out
- () 5. John's student ID card fell on the floor. He _____ and picked it up.
(A) lost down (B) bent down (C) left for (D) talked into
- () 6. I love poems. I really enjoy the _____ of the lines.
(A) rhythm (B) spaceship (C) step (D) comb
- () 7. Thomas loves to studies stars. He wants to be a(n) _____ in the future.
(A) customer (B) astronaut (C) emperor (D) vet
- () 8. Mom had prepared some food in the refrigerator for us before she went out.
Take it out and _____.
(A) tidy it up (B) cheer it up (C) take it off (D) heat it up
- () 9. It's hard to _____ everyone. Just be yourself.
(A) pass (B) appear (C) please (D) reach
- () 10. The show was successful and all people _____ their hands when the actors took a bow.
(A) clapped (B) burned (C) floated (D) repeated

二、語法對話測驗【11-30】

- () 11. Grace is 155 cm tall. Her husband, Harry, is 180 cm tall. Harry is _____ Grace.
(A) as tall as (B) more taller than (C) much tall as (D) much taller than
- () 12. Jane always _____ what happened at school _____ her family every day.
(A) shares; with (B) interested; in (C) talks; into (D) knows; about
- () 13. Jason _____ before six and does exercise at the park with his friends.
(A) gets up usually (B) usually getting up
(C) is usually got up (D) usually gets up
- () 14. _____ your paper on time, or you may be punished by Mrs. Bruce.
(A) Handing in (B) To hand in (C) Hand in (D) To handing in
- () 15. Listen! Someone _____ for help! Let's call the police.
(A) calls (B) is calling (C) call (D) is called
- () 16. _____ little rain since last year. We're worried that we don't have enough water to use.
(A) It has had (B) There has had (C) There has been (D) We are having
- () 17. Living on Earth isn't easy, and _____ living on a space station.
(A) so does (B) either does (C) so is (D) neither is
- () 18. The hot weather makes people feel _____.
(A) tiring; easy (B) tired easily (C) tired; easy (D) tiring; easily
- () 19. Alex: How long _____ you _____ an English teacher?
Stella: For more than ten years.
(A) did; do (B) do; been (C) are; be (D) have; been
- () 20. Laptops are quite popular among college students. I really want to have _____.
(A) one (B) ones (C) it (D) them

請翻面繼續作答。

- ()21. The new iPhone _____ everyone's eye has many new functions.
 (A) which catch (B) that catches (C) who catches (D) what catches
- ()22. Greg is usually made _____ his younger brother by his mom.
 (A) take care of (B) taking care (C) to take care of (D) to taking care of
- ()23. Not only Lisa but also her parents _____ this temple several times before last year.
 (A) has visited (B) have visited (C) had visited (D) are visiting
- ()24. Willy: I think they won't buy me a gift, _____?
 Ken: I have no idea.
 (A) will I (B) will they (C) do they (D) don't I
- ()25. Gary lost his car key and doesn't know _____ now.
 (A) what should he do (B) how can he do
 (C) how to do (D) what to do
- ()26. Dave: You look worried. What happened?
 Ted: My motorcycle _____. What should I do?
 (A) was stolen (B) to stolen (C) is stealing (D) to steal
- ()27. Tell Robert I want to see him _____.
 (A) if he comes tomorrow. (B) if he will come tomorrow.
 (C) that he will come tomorrow. (D) until he comes tomorrow.
- ()28. _____ I _____ my sister like to go swimming on a hot day.
 (A) Either; or (B) Neither; nor (C) Both; and (D) Not only; but
- ()29. Brad always gets _____ grades than Mat because he studies _____.
 (A) good; hard (B) better; hardly (C) best; hard (D) better; hard
- ()30. Alex: Can you make sure _____ John is at home or not?
 Mary: OK. I'll call him.
 (A) whether (B) where (C) who (D) when

三、克漏字選擇

【31~35】

Jerry: Hey, Rita. Where are you going?

Rita: Hi, Jerry. I'm going to the library.

Jerry: Library again? Why not 31. Michael and I. We can play basketball, tennis or go swimming together.

Rita: Thanks, but I have trouble 32. sports. I like to take a seat in a quiet place and read books quietly.

Jerry: Oh, come on! It's better for one 33. sunshine and fresh air sometimes.

Rita: I know. But I don't wear sports clothes today.

Jerry: I see. By the way, are you free tomorrow afternoon? Maybe we can go swimming.

Rita: Sounds nice. 34. on a hot summer day is quite comfortable.

Jerry: That's a deal. Give me a call when you are ready. I'll 35.

Rita: OK. See you tomorrow.

- ()31. (A) join (B) to join (C) to joining (D) joining
- ()32. (A) to play (B) playing (C) play (D) to playing
- ()33. (A) enjoy (B) to enjoy (C) enjoyed (D) enjoying
- ()34. (A) Go swimming (B) To go swimming
 (C) Going swimming (D) Going swim
- ()35. (A) pick up you (B) picking you (C) pick you up (D) to pick up you

【36~40】

Peter 36. an impatient person before he had a car accident six months ago. He had a bad temper. He hated to wait for others. He always made other 37.

Then, the accident happened 38. the morning of a Sunday. When he hurriedly rushed out to buy his family breakfast, he found that the traffic light was out of order. His motorcycle was caught in the traffic jam.

Not knowing 39. the workers to fix the traffic light, Peter decided to speed

up to cross the road. Suddenly, a car hit him and he was sent to the hospital right away.

For the past six months, he could 40. stand up 40. move his arms.
His wife and children did everything for him. He learned a great lesson from the accident—Haste makes waste.

📖 impatient 無耐心的 out of order 發生故障 rush 衝、奔
Haste makes waste. 欲速則不達。

- () 36. (A) has was (B) has been (C) had been (D) had being
() 37. (A) did things fast (B) did things fastly
(C) do things fastly (D) do things fast
() 38. (A) on (B) in (C) at (D) ×
() 39. (A) how long would it cost (B) how long it would take
(C) how long did it spend (D) how long it takes
() 40. (A) both; and (B) either; or (C) as well as (D) neither; nor

四、閱讀理解

【41-43】

Do you love English poems? Or do you think that English poetry is too difficult for you to enjoy? Then, Emily Dickinson, an American poet's short poems are good ones for you. Her poems are usually easy to understand.

Here is a short poem of hers. Let's enjoy it together.

I'm Nobody

I'm nobody, who are you?

Are you nobody, too?

Then there's a pair of us.

Don't tell—they'd banish us, you know.

How dreary to be somebody,

How public—like a frog—

To tell your name the livelong June

To an admiring bog.

📖 poet 詩人 banish 流放 dreary 枯燥的 livelong 漫長的 bog 沼澤

- () 41. How did the poet think about being somebody?
(A) She thought that it was great to let everyone know his or her name.
(B) She thought that somebody was a frog.
(C) She thought that being somebody was boring.
(D) She thought that living in a bog was boring.
- () 42. From the poem, what can we know about the society (社會) at that time?
(A) Most people liked to be famous. (B) Most people lived near a bog.
(C) Most people had frogs as pets. (D) Most people loved to be nobody.
- () 43. Which of the following is NOT true?
(A) Emily Dickinson was an American poet.
(B) The poet thought that being nobody was better than being somebody.
(C) The poet thought she was nobody, too.
(D) The poet compared (把...比作) a frog to nobody in the poem.

【44-46】

Harry was with his friends at a noisy night market an hour ago. It was so noisy that he didn't hear his cellphone ring. When he checked his cellphone, he found three text messages in his message box.

Harry, give me a call when you see the message. I want to talk about the history report with you.

Eric

Why didn't you answer my call, dear son? What time will you get home? Do you need me to pick you up at the MRT station?

Dad

請翻面繼續作答。

Did you return the DVDs for me? Don't forget to do that because they are due by 9 p.m. Thanks again, and I will buy your favorite pearl milk tea tomorrow.

Molly

📖 due 到期的

- ()44. How will Harry get home?
(A) He will take a train home. (B) He'll go home by MRT.
(C) He will ride a bike home. (D) His father will drive him home.
- ()45. What is Harry's favorite drink?
(A) Pearl milk tea. (B) Milk. (C) Green tea. (D) Pearl water.
- ()46. Which is true?
(A) Harry would help Eric to return the DVDs.
(B) Molly and Eric would do the history report together.
(C) Harry's father can pick him up at the MRT station.
(D) Molly's DVDs are due by 9 a.m.

【47-50】

A small card can show more than you can expect. Different from a letter, a card usually doesn't need too many words on it. People condense information and their strong feelings in short sentences. When people get a card, they read and experience the warmth from the words. Here are two cards. Read them carefully and answer the questions.

Dear Ben & Rebecca,

Congratulations!
Congratulations!

God blessed the cute twin boys!

We're also ready to be the happiest Grandpa and Grandma.

Thank you so much, my dear!

Kevin & Anita

Dear Belle,

We know you have done your best to take care of Beck. Just let Beck rest in peace. We believe that he is with God now.

Pull yourself together now, and take care of Beck's baby, Donny. He's a cute puppy. He needs your love, too.

Mom & Dad

📖 expect 預期 condense 濃縮 warmth 溫暖

- ()47. According to the reading, what's the difference between cards and letters?
(A) Cards have more words than letters.
(B) Cards are more beautiful than letters.
(C) Cards show information and people's feelings in few words.
(D) Sending letters is more expensive than sending cards.
- ()48. From the second card, we can know that Beck is _____.
(A) A dog. (B) A man. (C) A rabbit. (D) A teenager.
- ()49. Why do Belle's parents want her to "**pull yourself together**"?
(A) They want Belle to get well from her sickness (疾病).
(B) They want Belle to pick her things up.
(C) They want Belle to open the door again.
(D) They want to cheer Belle up.
- ()50. From the first card, we can infer (推論) that _____.
(A) Ben and Kevin are brothers. (B) Anita and Kevin are Ben's parents.
(C) Anita and Rebecca are friends. (D) Kevin and Anita have twin sons.

試卷題目到此結束，請仔細再檢查。

樹林中學 99 學年度第二學期 英語科中三第二次期中考答案

一、文意字彙選擇 (20% , 每題 2 分)

1	D	2	A	3	C	4	C	5	B
6	A	7	B	8	D	9	C	10	A

二、語法對話測驗 (40% , 每題 2 分)

11	D	12	A	13	D	14	C	15	B
16	C	17	D	18	B	19	D	20	A
21	B	22	C	23	C	24	B	25	D
26	A	27	A	28	C	29	D	30	A

三、克漏字選擇 (20% , 每題 2 分)

31	A	32	B	33	B	34	C	35	C
36	C	37	D	38	A	39	B	40	D

四、閱讀測驗 (10% , 每題 2 分)

41	C	42	A	43	D	44	B	45	A
46	C	47	C	48	A	49	D	50	B